3/3

form allow

Combination Products Containing Live Cellular Components

Steven Boyce, PhD

Dept of Surgery, University of Cincinnati, and Shriners Burns Hospital Cincinnati, OH

Skin Wounds

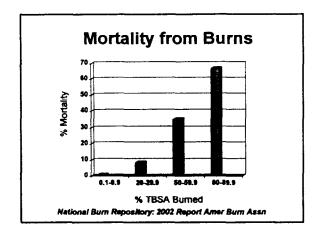
- · Three categories:
 - Acute/emergent (i.e., burns, TENS)
 - Acute/elective (i.e., reconstruction)
 - Chronic/elective (i.e., ulcers)
- · Two subcategories:
 - Full-thickness
 - Partial thickness

Disease-related Risks

- Emergent etiology
- Great magnitude (>50% TBSA)
- Full-thickness depth
- · Associated injury or disease

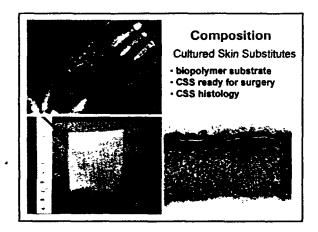
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

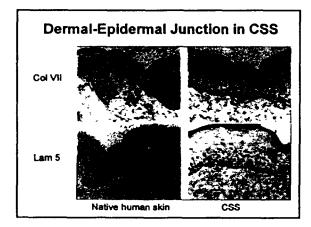
0211-0169

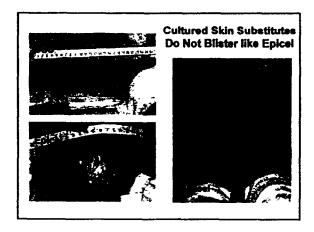


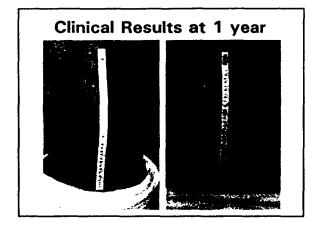
Human Skin:	 .	•
Structures & Functions	 -	-
■Three B's: • <u>B</u> arrier	<u>. </u>	
• <u>B</u> asement membrane	~	en Hell
• <u>B</u> lood supply	=	

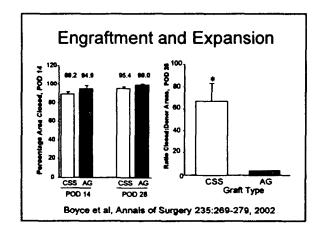
Examples of Combination Products Components Acellular Allogeneic Autologous Integra™ Apligraf ™ Both Cincinnati Skin Subst. Orcel ™ Epicel™ "Epidermis" Alloderm™ Dermagraft™ "Demis" (not live cells)



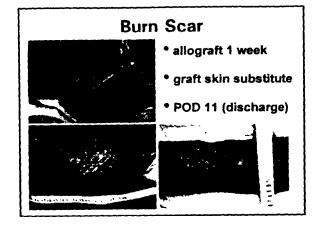


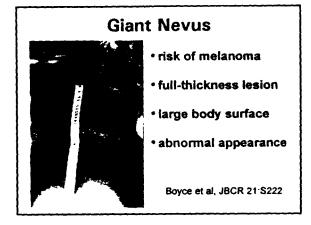


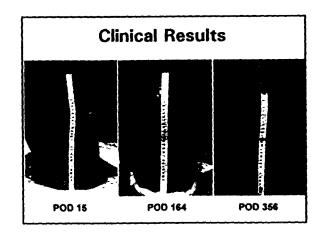




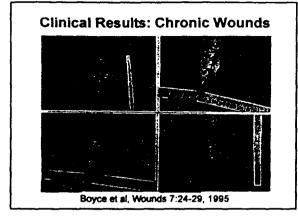








	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
	



Efficacy: Cincinnati Skin Substitute

- · Conserves donor skin
- · Virtually no blistering, little regrafting
- · Minimal scar
- · Class III (Significant Risk) device

Safety: Degradable Polymeric Matrices

- · CDRH-approved products:
 - Collagen
 - PGA/PLA
 - 510k approval of similar products
 - multi-center studies not mandatory
- Products without predicate:
 - Class III (Significant Risk)
 - multi-center studies required

Safety: Autologous Components Minimally Manipulated Autologous Tissue for Structural Repair ("MAS")

- -Facilities registration
- -Processing controls

Guidance (CBER):

-Multi-center studies not mandatory

Suggested FDA Jursidictions For combination products with autologous cells: Acquire tissue, process, and release as MAS under CBER. Matrix clearance by CDRH. Multi-center studies should not be mandatory. Acquire tissue MAS procedures Cell-matrix Combination Release criterie Metrix composition

Legend:

CBER review CDRH review

Safety: Allogeneic Components

- AATB Standards
 - Tissue harvest, processing & tracking
 - Microbial and viral testing
 - Facilities accreditation
- · FDA (CBER) Tissue Standards
 - Donor suitability
 - Facilities registration
 - Good Tissue Practices (GTPs)
- · Multi-center studies not mandatory

		 ·	
		 	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Suggested FDA Jursidictions For combination products with allogeneic cells: Acquire tissue, process, and release by AATB standards and GTPs under CBER. Matrix clearance by CDRH. Multi-center studies should not be mandatory. Acquire tissue GTP procedures (AATB stds) Process controts Combination Release criteria Tissue Tracking Legend: CBER review CDRH review Summary: combination products · Combination products act predominantly by cellular mechanisms · Risks from auto-combination products are less, not greater than MAS · Risks from allo-combination products managed by AATB and GTP standards **Conclusions: combination products** If the primary mode of action is polymeric, then CDRH should review. · If primary mode of action is cellular, CBER should review: - Products with auto cells follow MAS - Products with allo cells follow AATB and GTP Components not typical to MAS, AATB or GTP require additional consideration - Most combination products should not require

multi-center studies, except to get claims.